Broadjet / Boomless Sprayer Calibration

1. Use only water in the sprayer for calibration.
2. Measure the effective swath width.
3. Based on the swath width, determine the length of the calibration course using the table on the other side of this card.
4. Record the time required to drive the course at desired speed, field gear, or rpm.
5. Park sprayer; maintain same rpm or sprayer pressure used to drive the course and turn sprayer on.
6. Collect water for the same amount of time it took to drive the course.
7. Pints of water collected = Gallons Per Acre (GPA).

Broadjet / Boomless Sprayer Calibration

1. Use only water in the sprayer for calibration.
2. Measure the effective swath width.
3. Based on the swath width, determine the length of the calibration course using the table on the other side of this card.
4. Record the time required to drive the course at desired speed, field gear, or rpm.
5. Park sprayer; maintain same rpm or sprayer pressure used to drive the course and turn sprayer on.
6. Collect water for the same amount of time it took to drive the course.
7. Pints of water collected = Gallons Per Acre (GPA).
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Swath Width (feet)</th>
<th>Course Length (feet)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>156</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For widths not listed; divide 5,460 by swath width in feet. Example: Course length for a 32 foot swath width. 5460 / 32 = 171 feet